

# Walks in Cyberspace: Improving Web Browsing and Network Activity Analysis with 3D Live Graph Rendering

Web Developer @ TheWebConf 2022

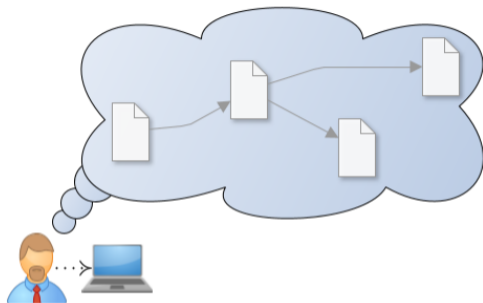
Lionel Tailhardat, Raphaël Troncy, Yoan Chabot

Orange & EURECOM

2022-04-28



# Context and Motivations: from Web Navigation to Structuring Traces



**Scenario** Web navigation session

**Browsing** General search loop scheme

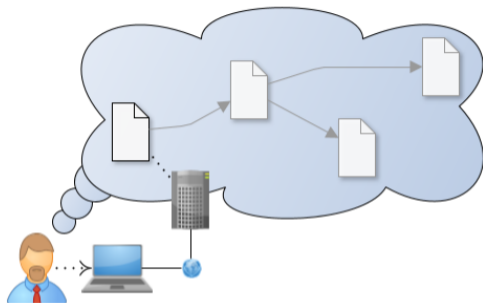
**Analytics** Persona dependent ⇒

**Web user** Green deal, privacy

**Platform eng.** Resource allocation, performance

**Security analyst** Malicious activity detection

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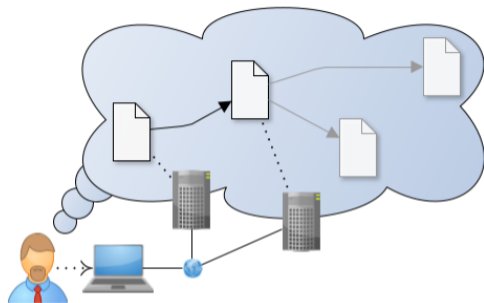
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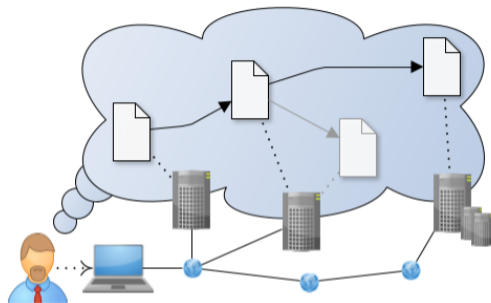
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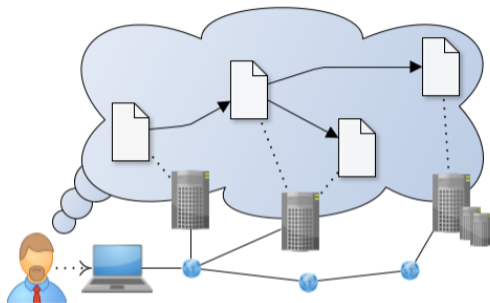
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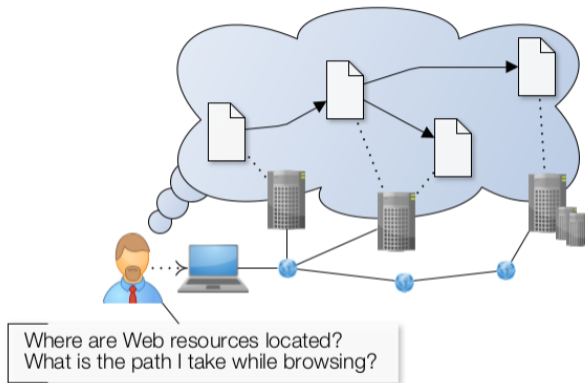
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# Problem Statement: Data Collection and Representation

**Web navigation traces** How do we collect them?

**Data representation** How do we combine technical and intentional perspectives?

## Approach

- 1 Explore strengths and weaknesses of standard data collection methods
  - Web browser history,
  - Network traffic dumps.
- 2 Discover technical structures depending on the navigation session with visualization a priori.

**Working hypothesis** Using multilevel-graphs for data representation.

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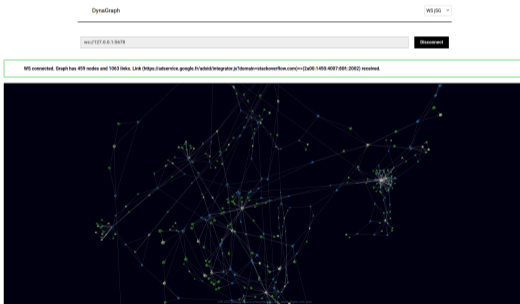
# Experimental Design

## The DynaGraph framework

- Classical traces dumping tools: tshark tool + Firefox's Network Monitor component.
- Web application: live 3D rendering of graph data derived from traces.

**Strategy** Comparing “Live Packet” and “Web Browser” capture & render features on arbitrary Web navigation session with the DynaGraph framework.

**Demo** Short video recorded example...  
(available at [Orange-OpenSource: DynaGraph\\_TWC2022](#))



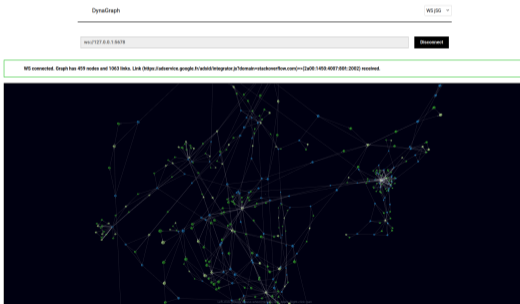
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# Evaluation

## Network traffic capture techniques

### Strength and weaknesses

- Operating system network interface level  
easy to set up, low tracking details whenever data encryption is present.
- Web browser process level  
full tracking details, no live streaming, high user involvement.

## Data exploration

### 3D spatialization and various sampling periods

- Immersing into a navigation path  
force layout spreads nodes over the representation space.
- Access patterns as spatial structures  
prevalent structures: "various urls from same server", "several times same url from same server" and "many sub-resources from many servers".

Requirements/Criteria	Experiments phases	
	Live Packet	Web Browser
Loosely coupled process	✓	✓
Stream rendering	✓	X
Objects grouping	✓	✓
Reproducibility	✓	✓
Secure solution	✓	X
Minimal user involvement	✓	X

**Table 2: General approach and DynaGraph evaluation**

Qualitative evaluation of experiments. "Experiments phases" correspond to the *live packet capture* and *Web browser network capture* phases, respectively. Symbols: ✓ stands for criteria observed/positive evaluation, X stands for negative evaluation.



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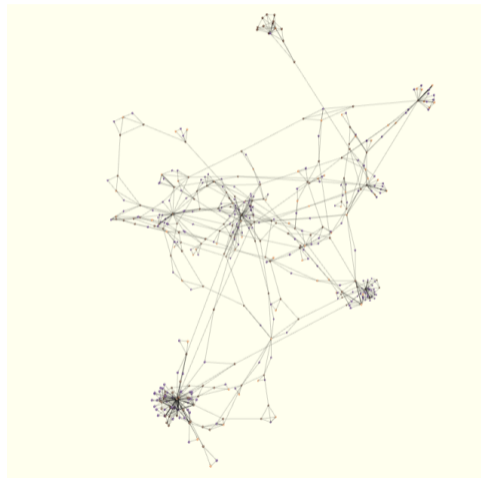
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## Where do I start? The “Live Packet” quick start

- 1 Git clone the project to your computer

```
git clone https://github.com/Orange-OpenSource/dynagraph.git
cd dynagraph
```

- 2 Install the DynaGraph tool set, then launch the DynaGraph Web app

```
pip install -r data-collection/requirements.txt
npm install
npm run start
```

- 3 Install the tshark tool, then start and forward the capture

```
sudo apt install tshark
cd data-collection/ && sh ./start-tshark-basic.sh
```

- 4 Connect, observe and play with incoming graph data in the DynaGraph Web app

- Open the DynaGraph Web app UI available at <http://localhost:3000/>
- Select the WS jSg source method
- Set the ws://127.0.0.1:5678 source and click the Connect button

More in <https://github.com/Orange-OpenSource/dynagraph/blob/main/data-collection/README.md>



